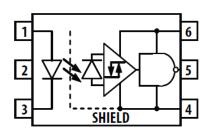


6PIN LSOP IPM DRIVE PHOTOCOUPLER

### Description

The KT0481 series fast speed photo coupler contains a LED and photo detector with built-in Schmitt trigger to provide logic-compatible waveforms, eliminating the need for additional wave shaping. The totem pole output eliminates the need for a pull up resistor and allows for direct drive Intelligent Power Module or gate drive. Minimized propagation delay difference between devices makes these phpto couplers excellent solutions for improving inverter efficiency through reduced switching dead time.

### Schematic



- 1. Anode 4. GND
- 2. NA 5. Vo (Voltage Output)
- 3. Cathode 6. Vcc

### Features

- 1. Inverter output type (totem pole output)
- 2. Truth Table Guaranteed: VCC from 4.5V to 30V
- 3. Performance Specified for Common IPM Applications Over Industrial Temperature Range.
- 4. Short Maximum Propagation Delays
- 5. Minimized Pulse Width Distortion (PWD)
- 6. Very High Common Mode Rejection (CMR)
- 7. Hysteresis
- 8. Approved

UL1577, File No.E169586

DIN EN IEC 60747-5-5 (VDE 0884-5):2021-10; EN IEC 60747- 5-5:2020, Certificate

No.40055228

### Applications

- IPM Interface Isolation
- Isolated IGBT/MOSFET Gate Drive
- AC and Brushless DC Motor Drives
- Industrial Inverters
- General Digital Isolation

### Truth Table

LED	OUT
ON	L
OFF	Н

Note: A  $0.1\mu F$  bypass capacitor must be connected between Pin 4 and 6.



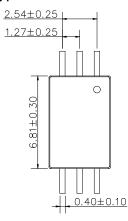
6PIN LSOP IPM DRIVE PHOTOCOUPLER

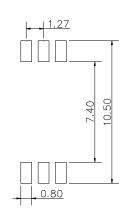
Unit: mm

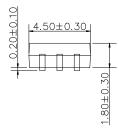
# Outside Dimension

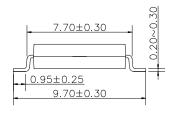
# **Surface Mount Lead Forming**

# 1. P Type

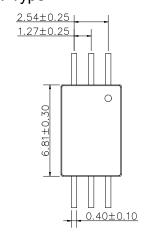


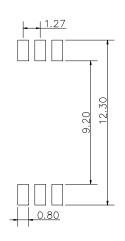


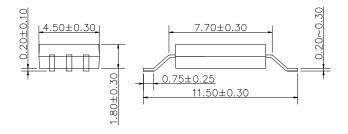




# 2. W Type







# Device Marking

# KT0481 Series





cosmo 0481 YWW

Notes:

COSMO 0481 YWW

Y: Year code / WW: Week code

V or None: VDE option

# Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
	Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	20	mA	
Input	Peak transient forward current	(Note 1)	I <sub>FPT</sub>	1	Α
	Reverse voltage		$V_R$	5	V
	Output current		Io	50	mA
Output	Output voltage		Vo	35	V
	Supply Voltage		Vcc	35	V
Junction	n temperature		T <sub>j</sub>	125	°C
Storage	Temperature		Tstg	-55~125	°C
Operati	ng Temperature		Topr	-40~110	°C
Total Pa	ackage Power Dissipation		PT	145	mW
Lead soldering temperature(10s) (N		(Note 2)	T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C
Isolation voltage (AC,1min.,R.H≦60%)		(Note 3)	BVs	3750	Vrms
Input-O	utput Resistance (V <sub>I-O</sub> = 500V DC)	(Note 3)	R <sub>I-O</sub>	10 <sup>12</sup>	Ω

Note 1: Pulse width Pw  $\leq 1 \mu s$ ,300pps.

Note 2: It is 2 mm or more from a lead root.

Note 3: Device is considered as a two terminal device: Pin1,2 and 3 shorted together, and pins 4,5 and 6 shorted together.

Recommend Operation Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	110	°C
Supply Voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	30	V
Input Current (ON) <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>F(ON)</sub>	1.6	5	mA
Input Voltage (OFF)	$V_{F(OFF)}$		0.8	V

Note 1: Detector requires a VCC of 4.5 V or higher for stable operation as output might be unstable if VCC is lower than 4.5 V. Be sure to check the power ON/OFF operation other than the supply current.

Note 2: The initial switching threshold is 1.6 mA or less. It is recommended that 2.2 mA be used to permit at least a 20% LED degradation guard band.

### Electrical Characteristics







Specified over recommended temperature (TA = -40°C to +110°C, +4.5V  $\leq$  VCC  $\leq$  30V), IF(ON) = 1.6mA to 5mA, VF(OFF) = 0V to 0.8V, unless otherwise specified. All typicals at TA = 25°C.

Parameter		Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Input Forward Voltage		VF	I=10mA	1.6	2.0	2.4	V	
·	Input Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient		$\Delta V_F/\Delta T$   IF=10mA		-	-1.24	-	mV/°C
Input Reverse	Voltage	BVR	IR = 10μA	5	-	-	V	
Input Threshold (High to L		IFHL	Vcc = 30 V, Vo < 5V	-	0.25	1.5	mA	
Input Threshold (High to L	Ğ	VFHL	Vcc = 30 V, Vo > 5V	0.8	-	-	٧	
Input Capaci	tance <sup>2</sup>	Cin	f = 1 MHz, V <sub>F</sub> = 0 V	1	60	-	pF	
	High Level	logu	VCC = 5.5 V, VF = 0V, IO = 0 mA	-	-	3.0		
Supply Current		Іссн	VCC = 30 V, VF = 0V, IO = 0 mA		1.9	3.0	mA	
Supply Current	Low Level	Low Level	Iccl	VCC = 5.5 V, IF = 5 mA, IO = 0 mA	ı	ı	3.0	IIIA
			ICCL	VCC = 30 V, IF = 5 mA, IO = 0 mA		2.0	3.0	
	High level	High lovel	lou	VCC = 5.5V, VF = 0V, VO = GND	ı	1	-160	
Output current <sup>1</sup>		VCC = 20V, VF = 0V, VO = G		•	1	-200	mA	
Output current		Іог	VO =VCC = 5.5V, IF = 5 mA	160	-	1	IIIA	
	Low level	IOL	VO =VCC = 20V, IF = 5 mA	200	1	1		
	High level	Vон	IOL = -6.5mA	VCC -	VCC -			
Output voltage	i iigii ievei	<b>V</b> OH	IOL – -0.3IIIA	0.5	0.05	_	V	
	Low level	Vol	IOL = 6.5mA	ı	0.09	0.5		

Note 1: Duration of output short circuit time should not exceed 10  $\mu s. \,$ 

Note 2: Input capacitance is measured between pin 1 and pin 3.



# KT0481 Series

6PIN LSOP IPM DRIVE PHOTOCOUPLER

## Switching Characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions TA = -40° C to 105° C, VCC = +4.5 V to 30 V, IF(ON) = 1.6 mA to 5 mA, VF(OFF) = 0 V to 0.8 V, unless otherwise specified. All typicals at TA = 25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Propagation Delay Time to Output Low Level	t <sub>PHL</sub>		-	90	220	ns
Propagation Delay Time to Output High Level	t <sub>PLH</sub>	f = 10kHz,	-	110	220	
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	Duty Cycle = 50%	1	20	120	
Propagation Delay Difference Between Any Two Parts	PDD (t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub> )	$I_F = 2mA$ , $V_{CC} = 30V$	-200	-	+200	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>		-	6	-	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	7	-	
Common mode transient immunity at high level output	C <sub>MH</sub>	VF = 0V $V_{CC}$ = 5V, $T_A$ = 25 °C, $V_{CM}$ = 1.5KV	20	-	-	KV / μs
Common mode transient immunity at low level output	C <sub>ML</sub>	$I_F$ =4mA $V_{CC}$ = 5V, $T_A$ = 25 °C, $V_{CM}$ = 1.5KV	20	-	-	KV / μs

Note 1: The tPLH propagation delay is measured from the 50% point on the leading edge of the input pulse to the 1.3 V point on the leading edge of the output pulse. The tPHL propagation delay is measured from the 50% point on the trailing edge of the input pulse to the 1.3 V point on the trailing edge of the output pulse.

Note 2: Pulse Width Distortion (PWD) is defined as | tPHL - tPLH | for any given device.

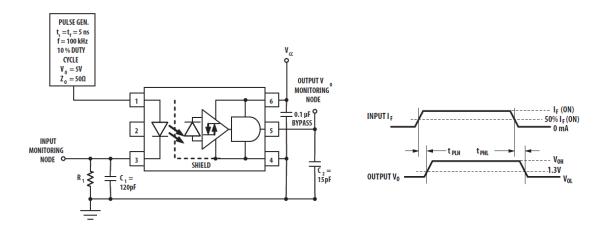
Note 3: The difference of tPLH and tPHL between any two devices under the same test condition.

Note 4: CMH is the maximum slew rate of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic high state, VO > 2.0 V. CML is the maximum slew rate of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the logic low state, VO < 0.8 V. Note: Equal value split resistors (Rin/2) must be used at both ends of the LED.

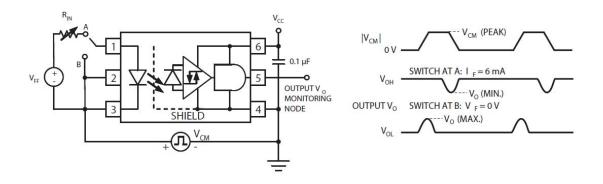


### Test Circuit

# Propagation delay time tPLH \ tPHL \ and rise time tr, fall time tf



# **Common Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit and Typical Waveforms**



 ${}^*C_{ML}(C_{MH})$  is the maximum rate of rise (fall) of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the low (high) state.



# Characteristics curves

# Fig.1 VOL vs. Temperature

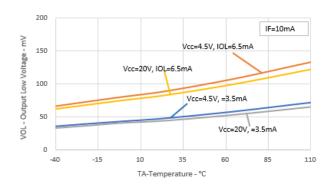


Fig.2 V<sub>OH</sub> vs. Temperature

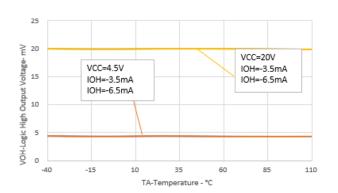


Fig.3 I<sub>FLH</sub> Hysteresis

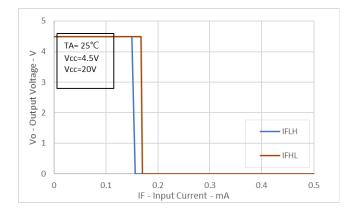


Fig.4 I<sub>FLH</sub> vs. Temperature

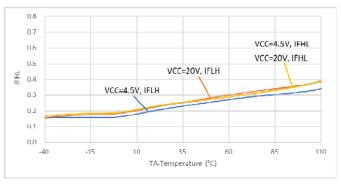


Fig.5 Input Current vs. Voltage

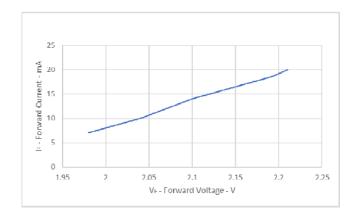
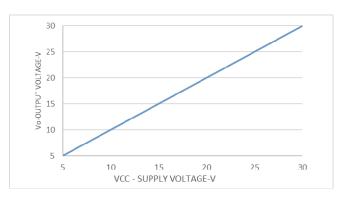


Fig. 6 Supply Voltage vs. Output Voltage





# Fig.7 Propagation Delays vs. Temperature

# 250 Vcc=4.5V TpLH(IF=10mA) TpLH(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA) TpHI(IF=2mA)

Fig.8 Propagation Delays vs. Temperature

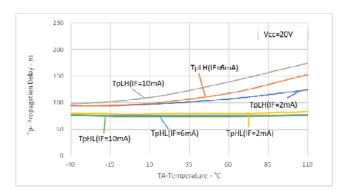
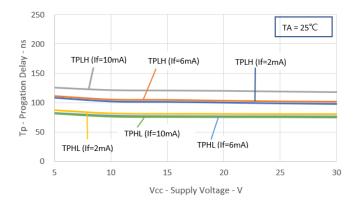


Fig.9 Propagation Delays vs. V<sub>CC</sub>



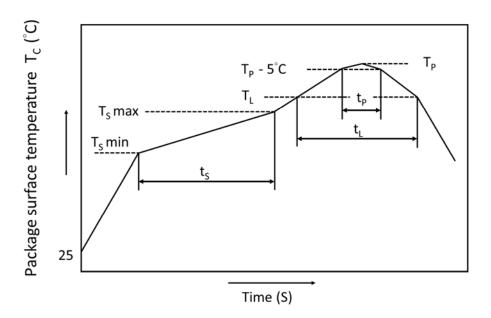


# Recommended Soldering Conditions

# IR Reflow soldering

One time soldering reflow is recommended within the condition of temperature and time profile shown below. Do not solder more than three times.

# **Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow**



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	t <sub>S</sub>	60	120	S
Ramp-up rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	quidus temperature T <sub>L</sub>		17	°C
Time above T <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>L</sub>	60	100	S
Peak Temperature	T <sub>P</sub>		260	°C
Time during which $T_C$ is between $(T_P - 5)$ and $T_P$	t <sub>P</sub>		20	S
Ramp-down rate			6	°C/s



# Numbering System

# KT0481X (Y)-(Z)

### Notes:

KT0481 = Part No.

X = Lead form option (P or W)

Y = Tape and reel option (TLD or TRU)

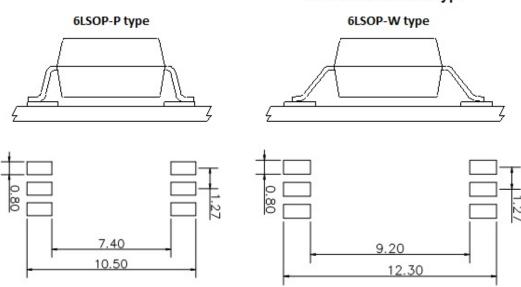
Z = VDE option (V or None)

Option	Description	Packing quantity
P (TLD)	surface mount type package + TL tape & reel option	3000 units per reel
P (TRU)	surface mount type package + TR tape & reel option	3000 units per reel
W (TLD)	long creepage distance for surface mount type package + TLD tape & reel option	3000 units per reel
W (TRU)	long creepage distance for surface mount type package + TRU tape & reel option	3000 units per reel

# Recommended Pad Layout for Surface Mount Lead Form

### 1. Surface mount type

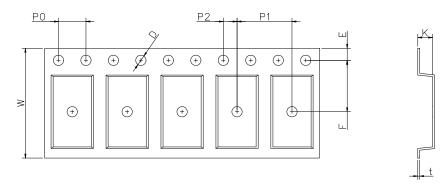
# 2.Long creepage distance for surface mount type



Unit:mm

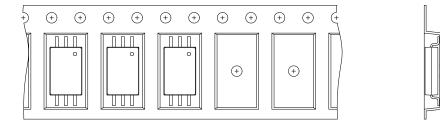


# • LSOP 6 Carrier Tape & Reel

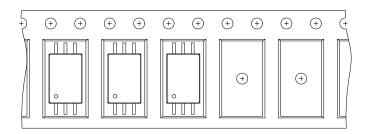


Dimension	D	Ш	F	P0	P1	P2	t	W	К
Symbol									
P type	1.5±0.1	1.75±0.1	7 5+0 1	4.0+0.1	0 0±0 1	2 0+0 1	0.3±0.1	16.0±0.3	2 15+0 1
Dimension (mm)	1.5±0.1	1.75±0.1	7.5±0.1	4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	0.3±0.1	10.0±0.3	2.15±0.1
W type	1.5±0.1	1.75±0.1	11 5+0 1	4.0+0.1	0 0±0 1	2 0+0 1	0.3±0.1	24.0±0.3	2 52+0 1
Dimension (mm)	1.5±0.1	1.73±0.1	11.5±0.1	4.0±0.1	8.0±0.1	2.0±0.1	0.3±0.1	24.UIU.3	2.02 <b>1</b> 0.1

TRU



TLD







### Application Notice

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